

**CNEC Lau Wing Sang Secondary School**  
**2019-2020**  
**Language Across Curriculum Worksheet**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ ( ) Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Total: 30 marks

**Instruction:** Please **print out** and submit the completed worksheet to your English teachers after holiday.

**Task:** Please read the following information and answer the questions. **Underline the key terms** when you are reading the information.

**Severe Respiratory Disease associated with a Novel Infectious Agent**

(Centre for Health Protection 28 January 2020)



**Centre for Health Protection**  
Department of Health  
The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

**Health advice**

To prevent pneumonia and respiratory tract *infection*, members of the public should always maintain good personal and environmental *hygiene*. They are advised to:

- ✓ Wear a surgical mask when taking public transport or staying in crowded places. It is important to wear a mask properly, including hand *hygiene* before wearing and after removing a mask;
- ✓ Perform hand hygiene *frequently*, especially before touching the mouth, nose or eyes; after touching public installations such as handrails or door knobs; or when hands are *contaminated* by respiratory secretions after coughing or sneezing;
- ✓ Maintain drainage pipes properly and regularly (about once a week) pour about half a litre of water into each drain outlet (U-traps) to ensure environmental *hygiene*;
- ✓ Wash hands with liquid soap and water, and rub for at least 20 seconds. Then rinse with water and dry with a disposable paper towel. If hand washing facilities are not available, or when hands are not visibly soiled, performing hand *hygiene* with 70 to 80% alcohol-based handrub is an effective alternative;
- ✓ Cover your mouth and nose with tissue paper when sneezing or coughing. Dispose of soiled tissues into a lidded rubbish bin, then wash hands *thoroughly*; and
- ✓ When having respiratory symptoms, wear a surgical mask, refrain from work or attending class at school, avoid going to crowded places and seek medical advice *promptly*.

**Travel advice**

The public should take heed of the health advice below when travelling outside Hong Kong:







- ✓ Do not travel to Hubei Province where community transmission of novel coronavirus is occurring. If it is *unavoidable* to travel to Hubei, put on a surgical mask and continue to do so until 14 days after returning to Hong Kong, and self-isolate for 14 days as far as possible. For members of the public returning from other parts of the Mainland, they are advised to stay home for 14 days upon their return

- as far as possible. Those who need to go out should wear a surgical mask;
- ✓ Avoid close contact with persons with fever or respiratory symptoms in countries/areas with possible community transmission of novel coronavirus infection. If it is **unavoidable** to come into contact with them, put on a surgical mask and continue to do so until 14 days after returning to Hong Kong;
  - ✓ Avoid visiting hospitals. If it is necessary to visit a hospital, put on a surgical mask and observe strict personal and hand **hygiene**;
  - ✓ Avoid touching animals (including game), **poultry**/birds or their droppings;
  - ✓ Avoid visiting wet markets, live poultry markets or farms;
  - ✓ Avoid making close contact with patients, especially those with symptoms of acute respiratory **infections**;
  - ✓ Do not consume game meat and do not **patronise** food premises where game meat is served;
  - ✓ Adhere to food safety and hygiene rules such as avoiding consuming raw or undercooked animal products, including milk, eggs and meat, or foods which may be **contaminated** by animal secretions, excretions (such as urine) or **contaminated** products, unless they have been properly cooked, washed or peeled;
  - ✓ If feeling unwell when outside Hong Kong, especially if having a fever or cough, wear a surgical mask, inform the hotel staff or tour escort and seek medical advice at once; and
  - ✓ After returning to Hong Kong, consult a doctor **promptly** if having a fever or other symptoms, take the initiative to inform the doctor of any recent travel history and any exposure to animals, and wear a surgical mask to help prevent spread of the disease.

## Reminder on the Prevention of Pneumonia and Respiratory Tract Infection

8 Jan 2020  
#201920028

To prevent pneumonia and respiratory tract infection,  
HMU hereby reminds all residents to maintain good personal and environmental hygiene:

<p><b>1</b> Perform hand hygiene frequently, especially before touching the mouth, nose or eyes; after touching public installations such as handrails or door knobs. Wash hands with liquid soap and water, and rub for at least 20 seconds. Then rinse with water and dry with a disposable paper towel or hand dryer. If hand washing facilities are not available, or when hands are not visibly soiled, hand hygiene with 70 to 80% alcohol-based handrub is an effective alternative.</p> 	<p><b>2</b> Cover your mouth and nose with tissue paper when sneezing or coughing. Dispose of soiled tissues into a lidded rubbish bin, then wash hands thoroughly.</p> 	<p><b>3</b> When having respiratory symptoms, wear a surgical mask, refrain from work or attending class at school, avoid going to crowded places and seek medical advice promptly.</p> 
<p><b>4</b> Adhere to food safety and hygiene rules e.g. avoiding consuming raw or undercooked animal products, including milk, eggs and meat, or foods which may be contaminated by animal secretions, excretions (e.g. urine) or contaminated products, unless they have been properly cooked, washed or peeled.</p> 	<p><b>5</b> Open the windows so as to maintain good indoor ventilation.</p> 	<p><b>6</b> Maintain a clean and hygienic environment. Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces regularly with diluted household bleach (i.e. adding 1 part of household bleach to 99 parts of water), wait until dry and rinse with water.</p> 



For details, please visit the website of Centre for Health Protection at <https://www.chp.gov.hk/tc/features/102465.html>

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## Vocabulary building

Check dictionary to find out the meaning and part of speech of the following terms. (16 marks)

【noun (n.) adjective (adj.) verb (v.) adverb (adv.) 】

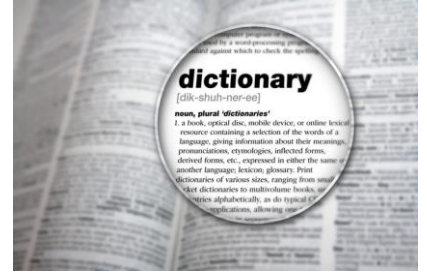
e.g. *hygiene* 衛生 (n.)

infection \_\_\_\_\_ ( )      poultry \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

frequently \_\_\_\_\_ ( )      patronize \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

unavoidable \_\_\_\_\_ ( )      promptly \_\_\_\_\_ ( )

contaminated \_\_\_\_\_ ( )      thoroughly \_\_\_\_\_ ( )



You may also write down any useful terms from the passage. (bonus 2 marks)

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## Questions:

### Level 1



1. List **two** examples of public transport. (2 marks)

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2. Suggest **two** examples of crowded places. (2 marks)

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### Level 2

3. List **two** symptoms of pneumonia and respiratory tract infection. (2 marks)

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4. What should we do to prevent infection when we have meal with relatives or friends? (2 marks)

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**Level 3: Challenging question (Optional)**

4. Write an informal letter to your pen friend in Singapore to share your life in extended holiday. Use the vocabulary from the above information in your letter. (about 100-300 words) (10 marks)

*Dear Cherry,*

*How are you? I am staying at home as the Lunar New Year holiday has been extended due to epidemic.*

*Yours,*

*Chris*

**Best wishes to your health and family! 😊**